

## B25116. TENURE BY HOUSEHOLD SIZE BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER - Universe: OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

Data Set: [2006 American Community Survey](#)

Survey: 2006 American Community Survey

NOTE. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see [Survey Methodology](#).

View the [collapsed version of this table](#). Geographies missing from this table are listed below the table.

Alaska		
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	229,878	+/-2,779
Owner occupied:	148,249	+/-3,302
1-person household:	29,732	+/-2,481
Householder 15 to 54 years	15,591	+/-1,810
Householder 55 to 64 years	7,637	+/-1,337
Householder 65 to 74 years	3,200	+/-686
Householder 75 years and over	3,304	+/-664
2-or-more person household:	118,517	+/-2,854
Householder 15 to 54 years	82,361	+/-2,714
Householder 55 to 64 years	22,012	+/-1,517
Householder 65 to 74 years	9,510	+/-916
Householder 75 years and over	4,634	+/-617
Renter occupied:	81,629	+/-2,772
1-person household:	27,401	+/-2,200
Householder 15 to 54 years	20,755	+/-2,096
Householder 55 to 64 years	4,155	+/-934
Householder 65 to 74 years	1,122	+/-427
Householder 75 years and over	1,369	+/-394
2-or-more person household:	54,228	+/-2,554
Householder 15 to 54 years	47,476	+/-2,378
Householder 55 to 64 years	4,775	+/-948
Householder 65 to 74 years	1,128	+/-391
Householder 75 years and over	849	+/-418

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2006 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2006 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2005 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas, in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

### Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

**Standard Error/Variance documentation for this dataset:**  
[2006 Accuracy of the Data](#)